

NETWORK HUB

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. Field of the Invention

The invention relates to a network hub, more particularly to a network hub that can directly control connection between a server and a plurality of work stations in a local-area network.

2. Description of the Related Art

Figure 1 illustrates a conventional network hub 4 that is used for interconnecting a server 1 and a plurality of work stations 2 in a local-area network via network lines 3 thereof. The conventional network hub 4 includes a plurality of connecting ports 401. Each of the server 1 and the work stations 2 is connected to a corresponding one of the connecting ports 401 via the network lines 3. Since the server 1 utilizes software to control conduction or cut-off of each of the connecting ports 401, a dedicated IP address must be assigned to each work station 2, thereby resulting in a relatively high cost. Furthermore, when any one of the work stations 2 and the server 1 connects to the Internet, the other ones of the work stations 2 and the server 1 may be accessible to hackers. Therefore, when the server 1 is invaded by a hacker, the conventional network hub 4 can be controlled by the hacker, thereby resulting in a security problem.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Therefore, the object of the present invention is to provide a network hub that can ensure easy and safe operation and that has a relatively low cost.

According to the present invention, a network hub
5 is adapted for controlling connection between a server and a plurality of work stations in a local-area network via network lines thereof. The network hub comprises:

a housing;

10 a rectifying and voltage-regulating circuit mounted in the housing and adapted to output a power signal;

an input port module mounted on the housing and adapted to be connected to the server for transmitting a command therefrom;

15 a signal processing circuit coupled electrically to the rectifying and voltage-regulating circuit for receiving the power signal therefrom, the signal processing circuit being further coupled electrically to the input port module for receiving the command transmitted via the input port module and being
20 operable so as to output control signals corresponding to the command from the server; and

an output port module coupled electrically to the signal processing circuit, the output port module having a plurality of switching circuits mounted in the
25 housing, and a plurality of connecting ports mounted on the housing and coupled electrically to the switching circuits, respectively, each of the

connecting ports being adapted to be connected to a corresponding one of the work stations via the network lines, each of the control signals outputted by the signal processing circuit being received by a
5 respective one of the switching circuits so as to control conduction or cut-off thereof.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Other features and advantages of the present invention will become apparent in the following detailed description of the preferred embodiment with
10 reference to the accompanying drawings, of which:

Figure 1 is a schematic view of a conventional network hub connecting a server and a plurality of work
stations;

Figure 2 is a schematic view of the preferred embodiment of a network hub according to this invention connecting a server and a plurality of work stations;
15 and

Figure 3 is a schematic circuit block diagram of the preferred embodiment.
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DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

Referring to Figures 2 and 3, according to the preferred embodiment of this invention, a network hub
10 is adapted for controlling connection between a server 70 and a plurality of work stations 90, 90' in
25 a local-area network via network lines 80 thereof, and is shown to include a housing 11, a rectifying and

voltage-regulating circuit 20, an input port module 40, a signal processing circuit 30, an output port module 60, and a signal enhancing circuit 50.

5 The rectifying and voltage-regulating circuit 20, such as a known AC-to-DC converter, is mounted in the housing 11 and is adapted to receive input power and output a power signal.

10 The input port module 40 is mounted on the housing 11 and includes an RS-232 connector 41. The input port module 40 is adapted to be connected to the server 70 via the RS-232 connector 41 for transmitting a command therefrom.

15 The signal processing circuit 30 is coupled electrically to the rectifying and voltage-regulating circuit 20 for receiving the power signal therefrom. The signal processing circuit 30 is further coupled electrically to the input port module 40 for receiving the command transmitted via the input port module 40, and is operable so as to output control signals
20 corresponding to the command from the server 70.

25 The output port module 60 is coupled electrically to the signal processing circuit 30. The output port module 60 has a plurality of switching circuits 61, such as relays, mounted in the housing 11, and a plurality of connecting ports 62 mounted on the housing 11 and coupled electrically to the switching circuits 61, respectively. Each of the connecting ports 62 is

adapted to be connected to a corresponding one of the work stations 90, 90' via the network lines 80. Each of the control signals outputted by the signal processing circuit 30 is received by a respective one
5 of the switching circuits 61 so as to control conduction or cut-off thereof. The output port module 60 further has a switch 63 coupled electrically to each of the switching circuits 61 so as to control conduction and cut-off thereof independently of the control signals from the signal processing circuit 30.
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The signal enhancing circuit 50 is mounted in the housing 11 and interconnects electrically the signal processing circuit 30 and the output port module 60 for enhancing the control signals outputted by the signal processing circuit 30. More specifically, the signal
15 enhancing circuit 50 can enhance the control signals from the signal processing circuit 30 so as to permit activation of the relays in the output port module 60.

Therefore, when a user wants to disconnect the work station 90' from the local-area network, the user can
20 utilize the server 70 to output a cut-off command to the signal processing circuit 30 via the input port module 40. The signal processing circuit 30 responds by outputting a cut-off control signal corresponding to the cut-off command from the server 70 to the output
25 port module 60 so as to cut-off the switching circuit 61 corresponding to the work station 90'.

Alternatively, the user can directly operate the switch 63 corresponding to the work station 90' to cut-off the switching circuit 61 corresponding to the work station 90'.

5 Due to the presence of the switches in the output port module, the network hub of this invention can also be used for controlling connection between a plurality of work stations in local and wide-area networks. For example, a company has a first work station for Internet services, and a second work station for exchanging orders and cash flow and for general data transmission. Usually, the first work station communicates with the second work station via the network hub of this invention. When the second work station is used to confirm orders or cash flow, the switch corresponding to the first work station is operated to cut-off connection between the first and second work stations such that security of the second work station can be ensured.

20 It is noted that the network hub of this invention can indeed control connection between the server and the work stations via the command from the server and the switches such that the network hub of this invention ensures easy and safe operation at a relatively low cost.

25 The object of the invention is thus met.

While the present invention has been described in connection with what is considered the most practical

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